Computational Fabrication and Stabilization Method for Cartesian Diver

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In this thesis, we aim to combine interactive manipulation technology with digital fabrication for un-

derwater expression.

To achieve this, we introduce a new method to add the controllability to underwater objects applied

by a structure of a Cartesian Diver. The Cartesian Diver is a well-known demonstration of Pascal's

law and Archimedes' principle. The diver is able to be manipulated to achieve up and down motion

by a single external force to the primary container based on water pressure changes the overall vol-

ume of the diver or the volume of air in the cavity within the diver.

For this thesis, we develop a system setup to manipulate the divers; the length of the tank is 400mm

and its diameter is 150mm and water pressure can applied it up to 200k Pa. We successfully de-

signed and manipulate the object by our method.

We discussed the principles and methods to create a digitally designed and fabricated the diver and

to stabilize it in the middle of water, then developed several applications: various shaped object,

floating screen and the object has function of messaging.

Our work combines digital fabrication technologies with non-contact manipulation that uses the

space transmission power of the object around it. We believe this combination extends the possibili-

ties of new underwater expressions at many places such as theme park, public areas and our daily

life.

(Advisor: Norihiko Uda)